nical co-operation programmes, including the advisory services programme, taking due account of projects already initiated under such programmes, and to submit it to the Commission, if possible at its twenty-third session in 1970.

From 5 to 18 August 1969, as part of the advisory services programme, the first regional seminar on the effects of scientific and technological developments on the status of women was held at Iasi, Romania. Participants were invited from 35 countries in Europe which were Members of the United Nations or members of a specialized agency. Specialized agencies concerned were invited to send representatives and interested non-governmental organizations were invited to send observers. Among the topics discussed were: general scientific and technological developments (e.g., physical, biological and medical sciences and engineering technology) as they affected the role of women in society; positive and negative effects of scientific and technological developments on the status of women; and measures to promote the status of women in the context of scientific and technological developments.

For further information about the advisory services programme, see pp. 530-32.

DOCUMENTARY REFERENCES

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E/4619. Report on 22nd session of Commission on Status of Women, Chapters II and XVI, resolution 1(XXII).

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A/7603. Report of Economic and Social Council to General Assembly, Chapter IX, Section K.
A/7752. Activities of foreign economic and other interests which are impeding implementation of Declaration on Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples in Southern Rhodesia, Namibia and territories under Portuguese domination and in all other territories under colonial domination and efforts to eliminate colonialism, apartheid and racial discrimination in southern Africa. Report of Special Committee on Situation with regard to Implementation of Declaration on Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples, paras. 14 and 17.

PROTECTION OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN IN EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

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RESOLUTION 1394(XXII) as recommended by Social Committee, E/4684, adopted unanimously by Council on 5 June 1969, meeting 1600.

The Economic and Social Council,
Considering that the advance of science and its technical applications open up great prospects for economic, social and cultural progress, and for improving standards of living,
Considering that scientific and technological progress creates many complex problems with regard to the utilization of human resources,
Convinced that the progress of mankind as a whole necessarily implies improving the status of women and